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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR 09/668,688 09/23/2000 Christopher Charles McCormick Indigo 1 4264 EXAMINER 22897 10/15/2004 7590 **DEMONT & BREYER, LLC** WARDEN, JILL ALICE SUITE 250 100 COMMONS WAY ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER HOLMDEL, NJ 07733 1743

DATE MAILED: 10/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/668,688	MCCORMICK ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jill A. Warden	1743
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	L. 136(a). In no event, however, may a sply within the statutory minimum of thi d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tote, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under 	is action is non-final. ance except for formal ma	
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 20 and 22-29 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 20,23,24 and 26-28 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 22, 25 and 29 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/are 	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiration is objected to by the Examiration is objected.	ccepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeya action is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in a iority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0. Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

The finality of the last Office action is withdrawn. The indicated allowability of claims 21 and 24 has been vacated and a new reference is being applied. Examiner regrets the late citation of this reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of

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35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 20, 23, 24, and 26-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Consumers Union.org and Consumer Reports Web Site.

Consumer Sunion, which publishes Consumer Reports and maintains the Consumer Reports web site and corresponding database, is an independent, nonprofit testing and information organization. Consumers Union provides a comprehensive source for unbiased advice about products and services, personal finance, health and nutrition, etc. Since 1936, Consumers Union has been testing products and informing the public about those tests. The tests evaluate products based on several criteria, which are established by the Consumers Union. On the Consumer Reports web site, members may search for information on a particular product, marketed by a number of producers, and the web site will show results of tests on that product, evaluating the specifically established criteria. Consumer Reports will also give recommendations on which product is a "best buy."

The teachings on these two web sites differ from the claims at issue in specifying a particular chemical for purchase, and in the ability of the prospective purchaser to specify a particular requirement for the chemical.

Consumer Reports evaluates all sorts of products, from appliances to foods, to personal care items. It would be within the knowledge of the artisan that a food product, such as a vegetable oil, would be considered a "chemical." With respect to the ability to put in specifications of the product as required by the

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prospective purchaser, i.e. an oil with a specific saturated fat content, Consumer Reports web site does not teach this. Results of a search on the Consumer Reports Web site will display a variety of criteria which may correspond to that requirement. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to design the search engine to allow for multiple inputs, i.e. product and requirement, in order to provide most accurate results.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 22, 25 and 29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. There is no suggestion in the prior art to obtaining statistics on purchases of chemicals, excluding manufacturer data, or storing requirements in a separate database.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Jill A. Warden at telephone number (571) 272-1267.

Jill A. Warden

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